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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/843,063	04/26/2001	Rabindranath Dutta	AUS920010005US1	8503

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EXAMINER

CHEN, CHONGSHAN

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2172

DATE MAILED: 08/11/2004

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Office Action Summary**

Application No.

09/843,063

Applicant(s)

DUTTA ET AL.

Examiner

Chongshan Chen

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 May 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,2,4-10,18-24,27-30 and 33-35 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,2,4-7,9,18-21,23,27-29 and 33-35 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 8,10,22,24 and 30 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                     | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)                     |
| 2) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____  |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)         | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____   | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                    |

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-2, 4-10, 18-24, 27-30 and 33-35 are pending in this Office Action.

### ***Response to Arguments***

2. In view of the Appeal Brief filed on 17 May 2004, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. New grounds of rejection are set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

(1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,

(2) request reinstatement of the appeal.

If reinstatement of the appeal is requested, such request must be accompanied by a supplemental appeal brief, but no new amendments, affidavits (37 CFR 1.130, 1.131 or 1.132) or other evidence are permitted. See 37 CFR 1.193(b)(2).

3. After an Appeal Conference, Conferees decided to withdraw the Finality of the last Office action and therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

### ***Specification***

4. The title of the invention is not descriptive and too long. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

***Claim Objections***

5. Claims 8 and 22 are objected to because of the following informalities: please spell out "DOM". Appropriate correction is required.

***Double Patenting***

6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

7. Claims 1, 18, 28 and 33-35 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 1-4, 7-10, 13-16 and 19-24 of copending Application No. 09/843,059. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows: capture multimedia objects and playback the captured multimedia objects.

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Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant would be prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application in the other copending application. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

9. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

10. Claims 1-2, 4-6, 18-20, 28 and 33-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Olah et al. ("Olah", US 6,446,119 B1) in view of Pavley et al. ("Pavley", US 6,317,141 B1).

As per claim 1, Olah teaches a method for displaying, at a client, transient messages received over a network, the method comprising:

capturing, independently of a user action., at different times, a plurality of separate screen images of a plurality of different multimedia objects each containing at least one transient message rendered on a display at the client (Olah, col. 4, lines 32-33, screen captures);

storing each captured screen image in a chronological list (Olah, col. 4, lines 32-33, log).

Olah teaches displaying the captured screen images, but does not explicitly disclose displaying the chronological list with control buttons for enabling a subsequent rendering of the stored screen captured images in at least one of a forward and backward succession, at a user configurable rate, in response to a user selection of one of the displayed control buttons, wherein the displayed control buttons are independent of any playback control displayed in conjunction with initially rendering a given multimedia object from which the screen images were captured. Pavley discloses creating a slide show for the captured screen images (Pavley, col. 2, lines 15-20). A slide show such as Microsoft PowerPoint displays a list of multimedia objects in a forward succession at a user configurable rate.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a slide show presentation to display the captured screen images in the system of Engle. A slide show sequentially displays all the captured screen images so that the user does not need to select and play the screen image one at a time. It is much convenient for the user.

Claims 2 and 4 are rejected on grounds corresponding to the reasons given above for claim 1.

As per claim 5, Olah and Pavley teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 1, and further teach the different times are determined by a configurable periodic interval (Olah, Fig. 2-3).

As per claim 6, Olah and Pavley teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 5, and further teach the configurable periodic interval occurs for a configurable duration of time (Olah, Fig. 2-3).

Claims 18-20, 28 and 33-35 are rejected on grounds corresponding to the reasons given above for claims 1-2 and 4-6.

11. Claims 7, 9, 21, 23, 27 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Olah et al. ("Olah", US 6,446,119 B1) in view of Pavley et al. ("Pavley", US 6,317,141 B1) and further in view of Asai et al. ("Asai", Pub. No.: US 2002/0000984 A1).

As per claim 7, Olah and Pavley teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 1, and further teach capture screen images at different times. However, neither Olah nor Pavley explicitly discloses the different times are determined by a change in content. Asai teaches determining whether the received image is new or not (Asai, page 21, [0335]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to determine whether the received image is new or not and use the determining step as triggering event to capture image in the system of Olah. Because the system of Olah captures all the screen images the user displayed. If the system has to check whether the displayed image is new or not constantly, the performance of the system will be compromised. By using the determining step of Asai as triggering event to capture image in the system of Olah will save system resource and make the system more efficient.

Claims 9, 21, 23, 27 and 29 are rejected on grounds corresponding to the reasons given above for claims 1 and 7.

***Allowable Subject Matter***

12. Claims 8, 10, 22, 24 and 30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

13. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The prior art of record does not teach or fairly suggest “utilizing a document object model of the displayed page to determine the change of content as a triggering event to capture the screen image”.

***Conclusion***

14. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Wynn et al. (US 6,667,751 B1) teach linear web browser history viewer.

***Contact Information***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chongshan Chen whose telephone number is 703-305-8319. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday (8:00 am - 4:30 pm).




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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John E Breene can be reached on (703)305-9790. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

August 5, 2004



SHAHID ALAM  
PRIMARY EXAMINER